

# Sketching Sustainability Transition in Europe: SDGs, European Green Deal, EU MFF and Recovery Plan, Smart-Specialization-Strategy Job Creation and Just Transition



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- Co-Chair, UN Sustainable Development Solutions Network (SDSN) - Greece
- Director, EIT Climate KIC Hub - Greece, ATHENA RC
- Chair SAB, European Forest Institute
- Member of Greek Prime-Ministerial Committee on Recovery and Development Plan
- Member of the Greek Ministerial Climate Change Committee, Ministry of Environment and Energy



Control Epidemic Measures  
Biomedical Research



**CORONAVIRUS**  
COVID-19

Flattening the infection curve  
Steepens the macroeconomic recession curve

- Health-related measures aim to spread the pandemic out over time and buy time for drastically raising the capacity of the health-care sector.
- Strict isolation measures lead to the shutdown of the complex web of economic supply chains and socio-economic networks.
- How can we avoid the pandemic turn into a major economic and financial crisis that will long outlast the health crisis?
  - Work force remains employed even if quarantined.
  - Governments channel financial support to public and private institutions that support vulnerable citizen groups.
  - SMEs be safeguarded against bankruptcy.
  - Policies to support the financial system as nonperforming loans mount.
  - Fiscal packages, comparable to the crisis related loss of GDP, will have to be financed by national debt.

Should we worry about the level of the debt? Yes, to the extent that is possible we want to avoid another debt crisis, but most importantly, we want to avoid an unsustainable recovery.



**Sea Level Rise**  
More Intense Storms  
Disasters, Operational Delays  
Subsidence, Damage, Loss of Quality  
Waste Impacts  
Floodings

**THE CLIMATE EMERGENCY**  
Urgency of limiting global warming to +1.5C, beyond which the risk of extreme weather events and poverty for hundreds of millions of people, will significantly increase. There is no country that is not experiencing the drastic effects of climate change.  
The annual average economic losses from climate-related disasters are in the hundreds of billions of dollars.  
The human impact of geo-physical disasters, which are 91 percent climate-related, and which between 1969 and 2017 killed 1.3 million people, and left 4.4 billion injured.

**CARBON NEUTRALITY-2050.**  
UNEP Emissions Gap Report 2019 indicates that global emissions need to be cut by 7.6% per year. Calculated, this means a global reduction target of at least 68% by 2030.  
17/09/2019 European Commission President proposed to increase the 2030 goal for emissions reduction from 40% of 1990 levels to at least 55%.



CLIMATE CHANGE



# Sustainability Policy Framework

2015



193 Countries

17 SDGs

169 Targets

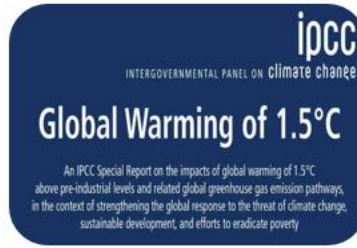
2015



197 Countries

Limiting global temperature to well below +2°C

2018



- Limiting global temp. to 1.5°C
- This implies zero net emissions globally by 2050

2019



6 Major Transformations to achieve SDGs

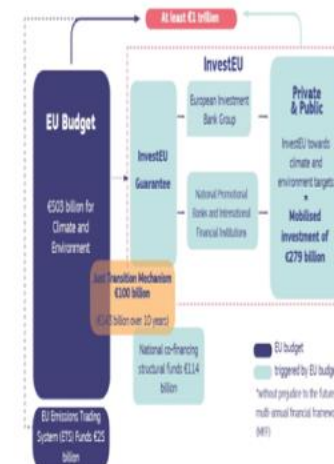
Dec 2019



EGD Policies Overview

How will the European Green Deal Investment Plan be financed?  
How will the €1 trillion be mobilised?

WHERE WILL THE MONEY COME FROM?



2020 ...



Flattening the infection curve steepens the macroeconomic recession curve

Infographic: EU budget 2021-2027 and recovery plan

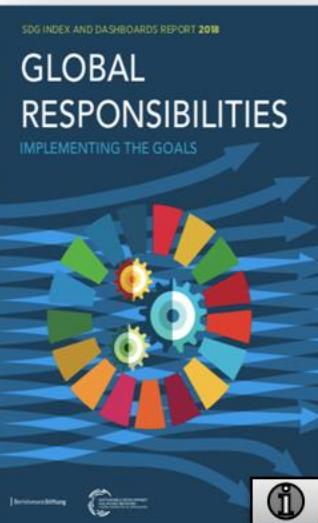
EU budget 2021-2027 and recovery plan



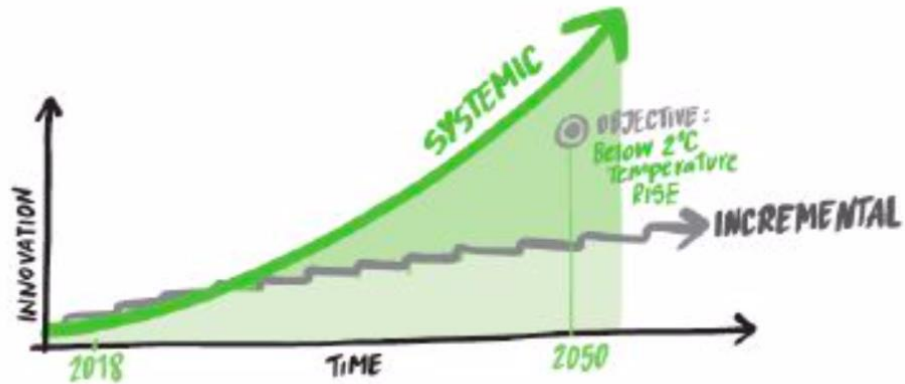
Enhanced EU MFF & Recovery Plan Next Generation EU



Senior WG for the EU Green Deal



## Why Systems Innovation?



*Working through gradual, incremental changes is not enough.*

What is needed now is a **fundamental transformation** of economic, social and financial systems that will trigger exponential change in decarbonisation rates and strengthen climate resilience – what the IPCC report calls, “**rapid, far-reaching and unprecedented changes in all aspects of society**”.



# Systems Innovation

integrated & coordinated interventions in economic, financial, political and social systems and along whole value chains.

# The European Green Deal

#EUGD

UN SDSN Senior Working Group  
for the Energy Transition

Six Transformations to Achieve the SDGs  
and Support for the European Green Deal



## PROJECT TEAM

### Chairs

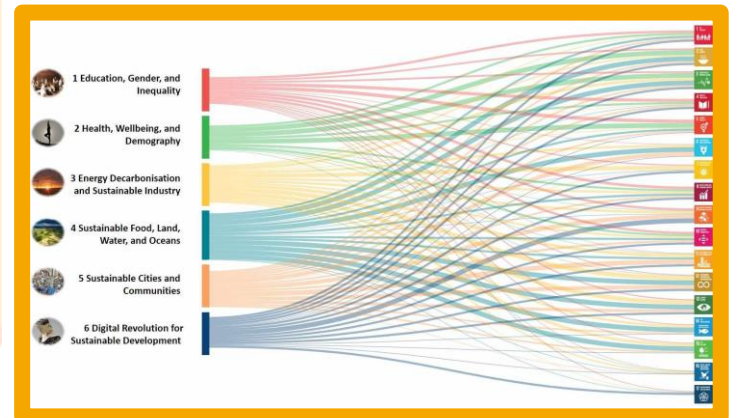
Prof. Phoebe Koundouri  
Prof. Jeffrey Sachs

### Senior Members

Athens University Economics & Business  
Enel Foundation  
Fondazione Eni Enrico Mattei,  
International Energy Agency  
University College London  
University of Rome

### Members

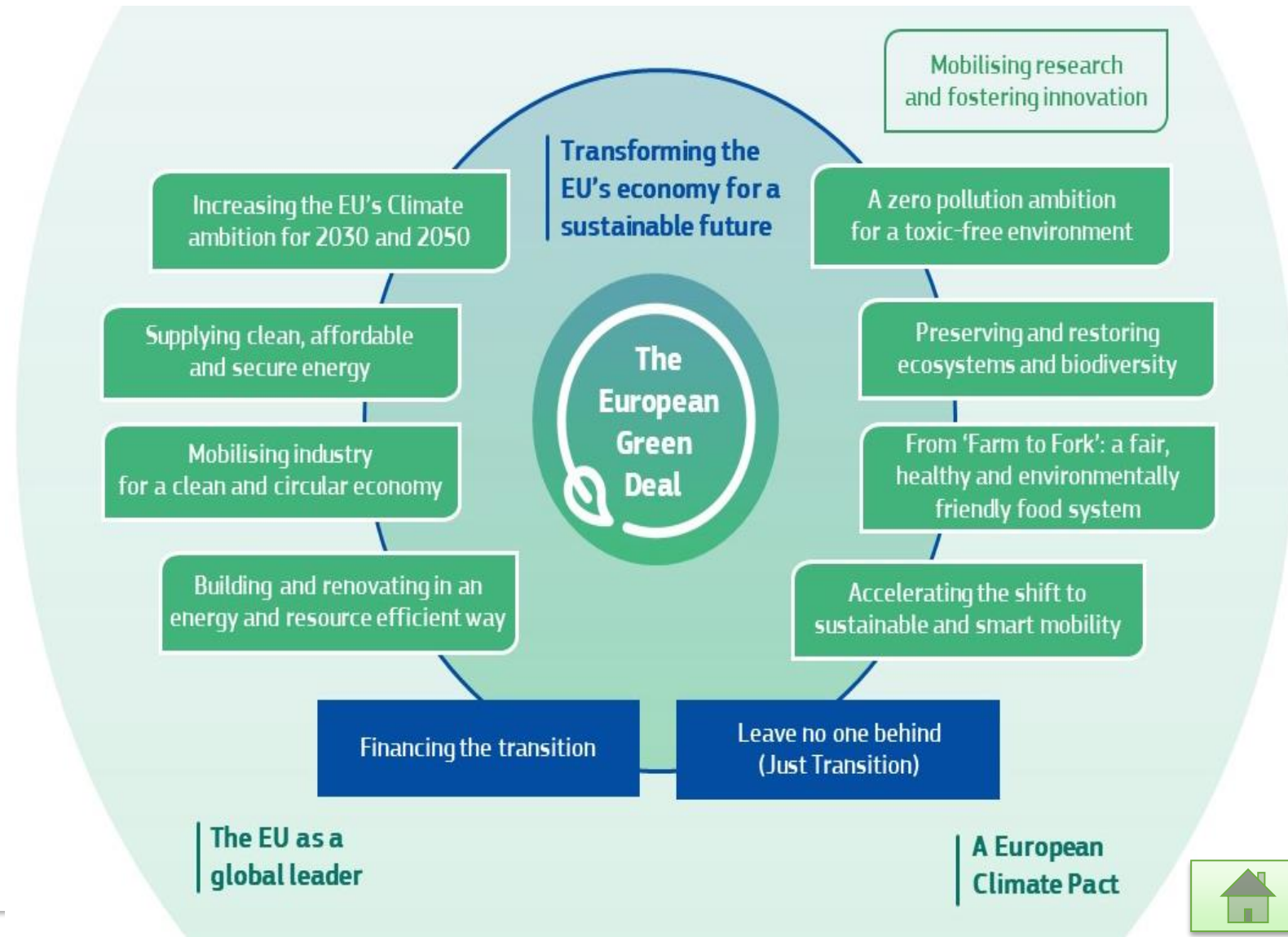
All European SDSN National Hubs



# The European Green Deal (EGD) – Overview

The policy areas that are covered from the EGD are:

- ✓ Biodiversity
- ✓ From Farm to Fork
- ✓ Sustainable agriculture
- ✓ Clean energy
- ✓ Sustainable industry
- ✓ Building and renovating
- ✓ Sustainable mobility
- ✓ Eliminating pollution
- ✓ Climate action

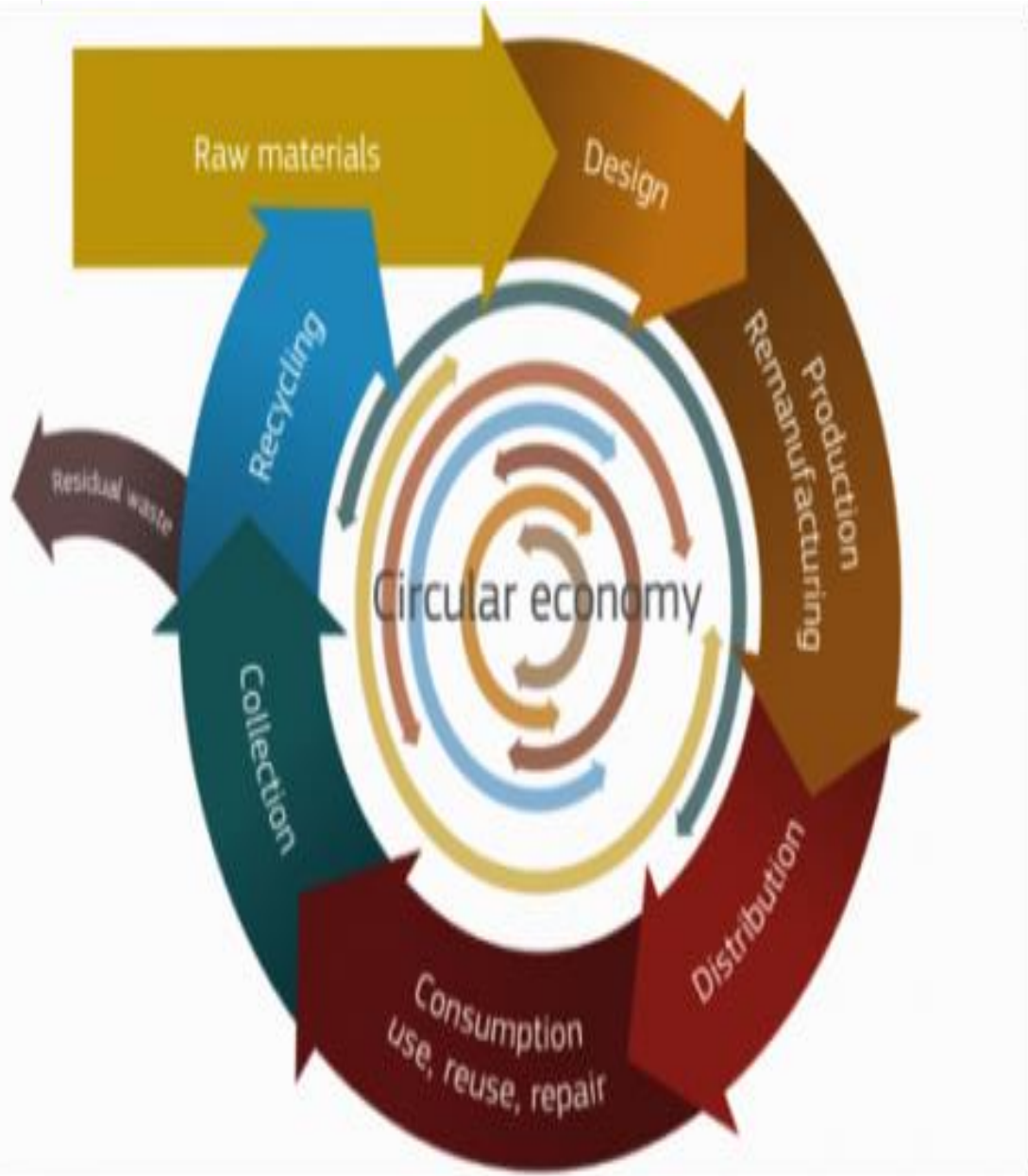


# Six Transformations to Achieve the SDGs and Support for the European Green Deal: Senior Working Group for the Energy Transition



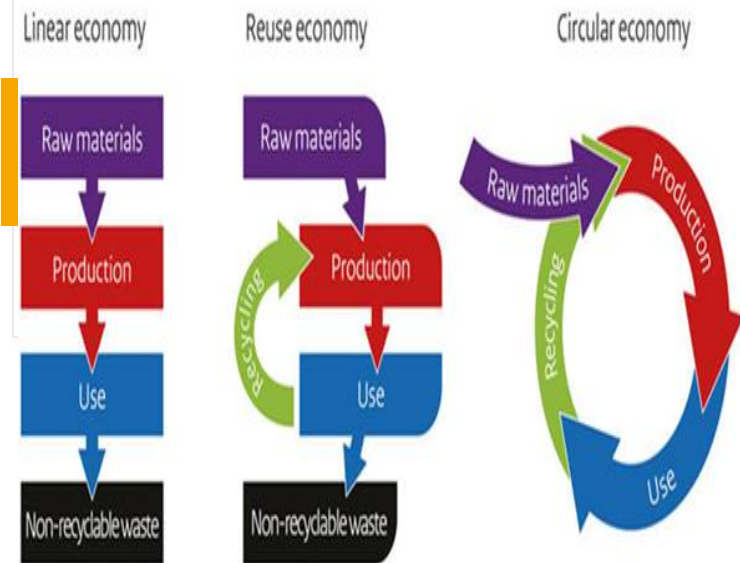
- Joint implementation of the **European Green Deal** and **SDGs**: country-specific and EU upscale
- Country-specific 3-D mapping:
  - (a) SDGs achievement (based on SDSN Indexes)
  - (b) European Green Deal Policies + Next Generation EU Recovery Fund + enhanced MFF
  - (c) European semester process recommendations
- Based on 3-D mapping, **Technological Pathways**, **National Energy and Climate Plans**, we construct recommendations for investment pathways 2020-2030 and until 2050, categorized in the **Six Transformations** (health, education, decarbonization, land-sea management, sustainable communities, digitalization).
- Investment Pathways are supported by portfolios of funding sources (public, private, PPP).
- Implication for Job Creation and Just Transition: country-specific and EU upscale





## CIRCULAR ECONOMY

- Savings of 600 billion euro for EU Business, 8% of their annual turnover, Relevant for SMEs
- Creation of 580,000 jobs in innovative design and business models, research, recycling, re-manufacturing and product development
- Reduction of EU carbon emissions by 450 million tones by 2030
- Reducing Environmental Footprint: Optimize waste management will boost recycling and reduce landfill
- Public-Private Partnerships best model for financing the transition to CE.



Circular economy: based on principles of designing out waste and pollution, keeping products and materials in use, and regenerating natural systems.

**By 2050 CE:**  
 56% cut in EU emissions from heavy industry  
 45% cut global emissions from steel, cement, plastic and aluminum products.

**CE a win-win situation:**

- Savings of 600 billion euro for EU Business, 8% of their annual turnover
- Creation of 580,000 jobs in innovative design and business models, research, recycling, re-manufacturing and product development
- Relevant for SMEs
- Reduction of EU carbon emissions by 450 million tonnes by 2030
- Reducing Environmental Footprint: The less products we discard, the less materials we extract. Optimize waste management will boost recycling and reduce landfill
- **Public-Private Partnerships best model for financing the transition to CE. Why?**

**THE ECONOMIC BENEFITS**

What are the macroeconomic impacts of shifting to a new economic model?

The circular economy has been gaining traction with business and government leaders alike. Their imagination is captured by the opportunity to gradually decouple economic growth from virgin resource inputs, encourage innovation, increase growth, and create more robust employment. If we transition to a circular economy, the impact will be felt across society. The slider below illustrates some of the potential macroeconomic benefits of shifting to a circular economy.

**THE OPPORTUNITY FOR COMPANIES**

How will companies benefit from the circular economy?

Businesses would benefit significantly by shifting their operations in line with the principles of the circular economy. These benefits include the creation of new profit opportunities, reduced costs due to lower virgin-material requirements, and stronger relationships with customers. The sliders below expand on these and more benefits.

**THE OPPORTUNITY FOR INDIVIDUALS**

What does the circular economy mean for individuals?

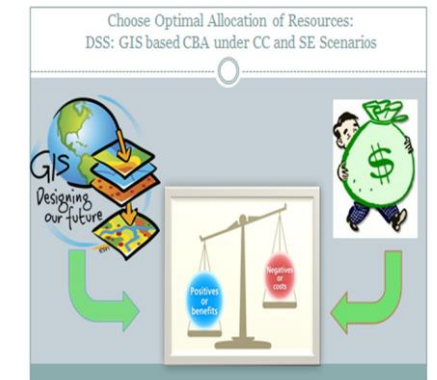
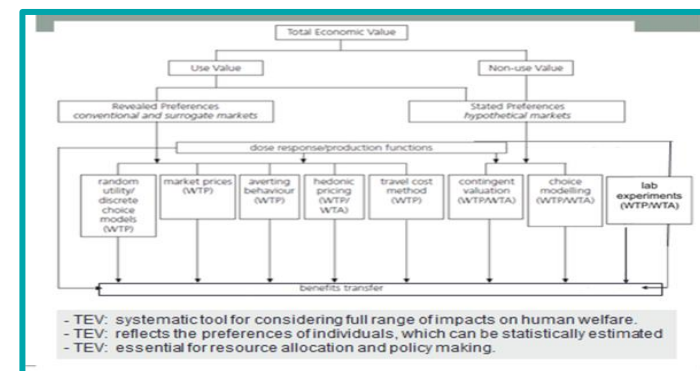
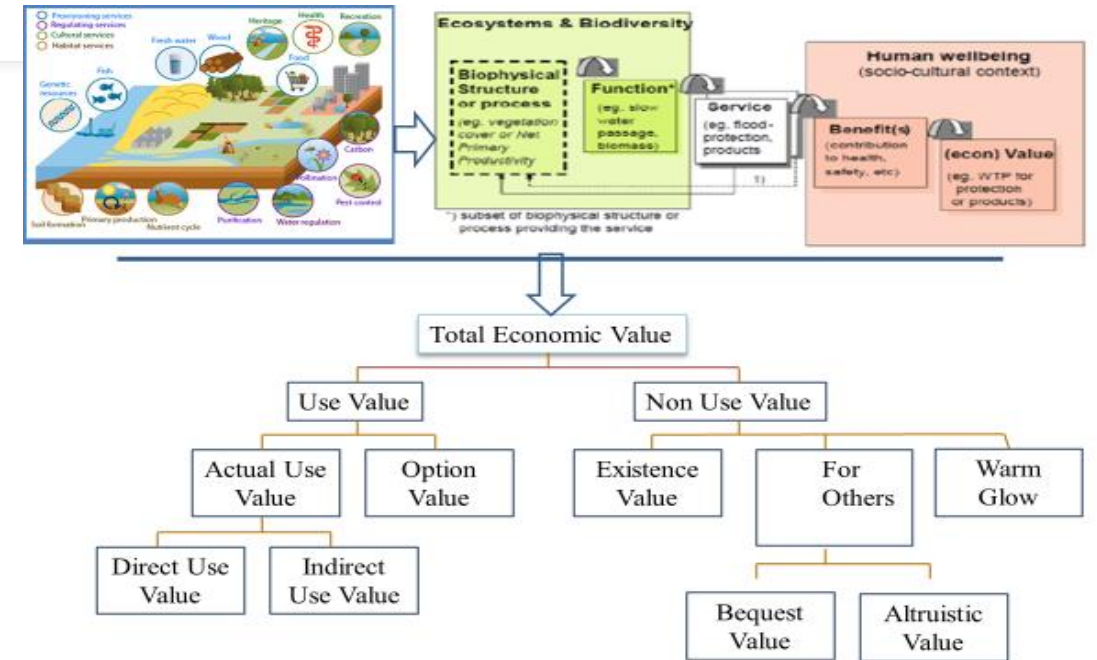
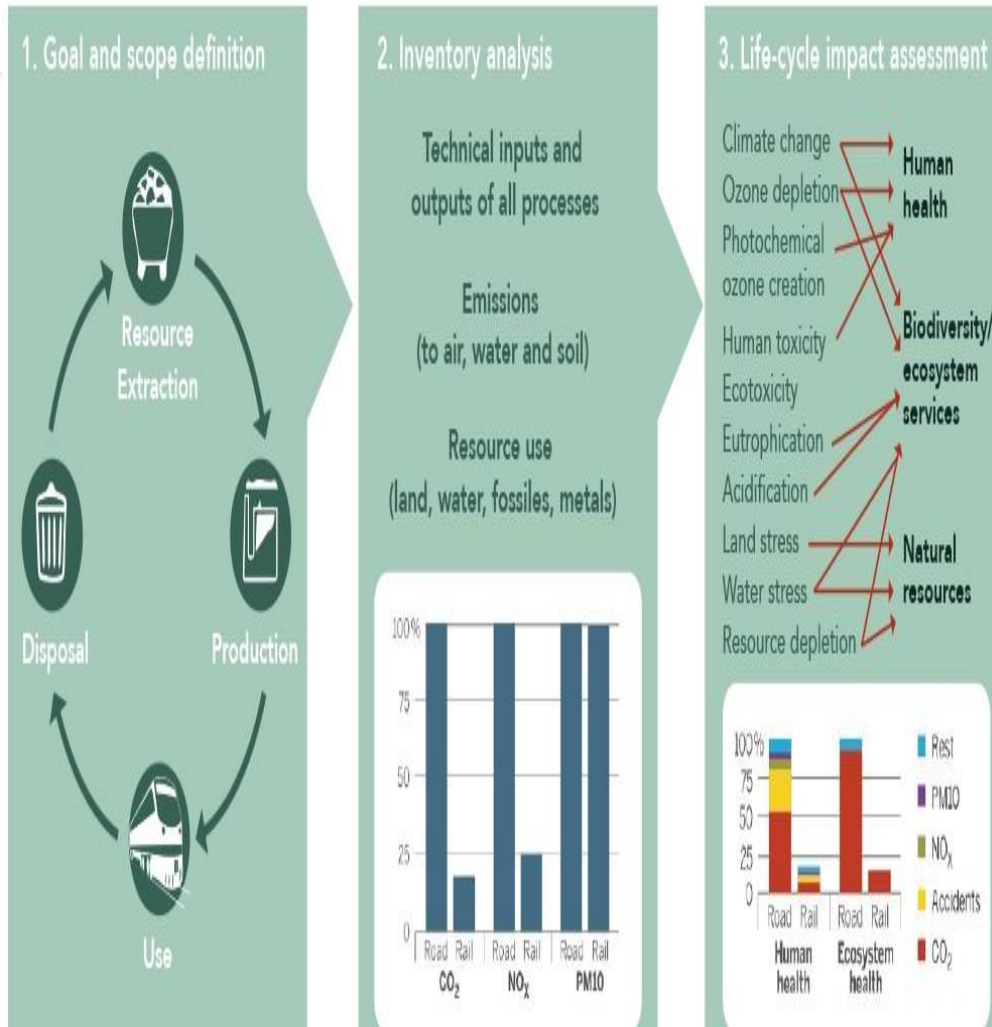
The circular economy will not only benefit businesses, the environment, and the economy at large, but also the individual. Ranging from increased disposable income to improved living conditions and associated health impacts, the benefits for individuals of a system based on the principles of circularity are significant.

**ENVIRONMENTAL AND SYSTEM-WIDE BENEFITS**

What impact will shifting to a circular economy have on the environment?

The potential benefits of shifting to a circular economy extend beyond the economy and into the natural environment. By designing out waste and pollution, keeping products and materials in use, and regenerating, rather than degrading, natural systems, the circular economy can be the mechanism by which we achieve global climate targets.

# Measuring Socio-Economic Benefits of CE Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) and Total Economic Valuation



# Circular Economy Transition (CE) in Smart Specialization Strategy (S3)



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Alexieva, Dianka, Cleantech Bulgaria Ltd

Ilieva, Desislava, Cleantech Bulgaria Ltd

Papadaki, Lydia, Cleantech Bulgaria Ltd

Shtereva, Eli, Cleantech Bulgaria Ltd



Prof. Phoebe Koundouri, Athens University of Economics and Business

Prof. Lena Tsipouri, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens

Lydia Papadaki, PhD Candidate Athens University of Economics and Business

Maria Argirou, PhD candidate National and Kapodistrian University of Athens

Funded by EIT Climate-KIC

Implementation period: June 2019 – December 2019

Budget: €47,000

Find more at: <https://www.athenarc.gr/el/circular-economy-transition-ce-smart-specialization-strategy-s3>

# Why put the CE and Smart Specialisation Strategy(SSS) together



SSS is a **regional development tool**, aiming at maximising economies of agglomeration and economies of scope



The CE is a **way of living**, a priority for the UN and the EU leading to an encompassing strategy with common elements across the globe



A key question then is **whether, to what extent and how** the two could become mutually reinforcing

Whether, to what extent and how the two can become mutually reinforcing: lessons from Greece



## Problems

1. The 2014-2020 O.P. was too ambitious to be implemented
2. RISs could not (yet) play the ambitious role they were expected to play
3. Governance issues indicate reluctance to change

## Opportunities

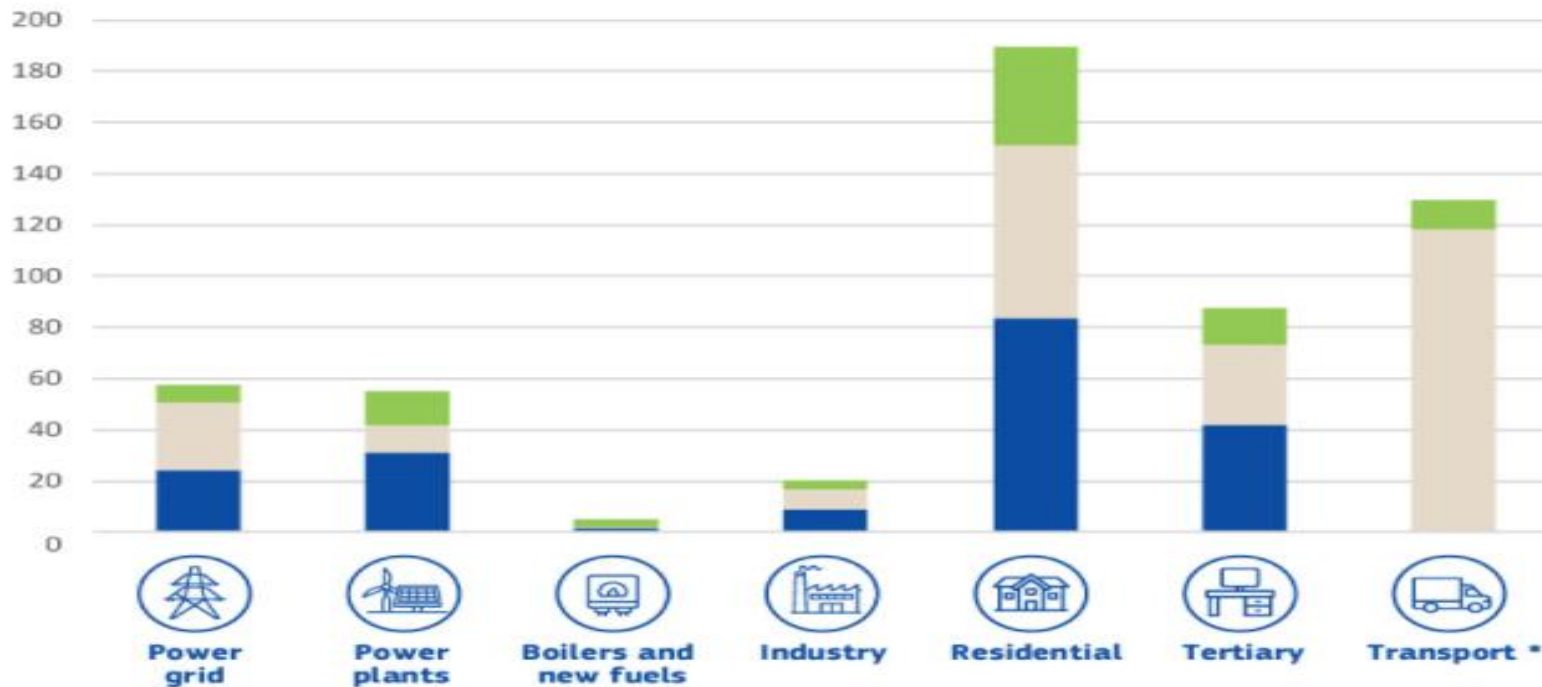


1. CE could be used as an opportunity to leapfrog for the economy
2. SSS can include CE aspects tailor-made to their competitive advantages
3. Identify and support regions willing to use their revised RIS as a CE model

## DECARBONIZATION: National Energy and Climate Plans:

For increased GHG emissions reduction target of 55% an increase in investment of €350 billion per year is needed compared to the previous decade

**Average annual investments 2011-2020 and additional investments 2021-30**  
under existing policies and to achieve -55% greenhouse gas emission reductions  
(in billion EUR 2015)



- Additional to achieve -55% greenhouse gas reductions, 2021-2030
- Additional under current 2030 policies in 2021-2030 compared to 2011-2020
- Historic annual investments in the energy system 2011-2020

\* transport only shows additional investment



INNOVATION FOR RESILIENCE

+



NETWORKING

+



ENTREPRENEURSHIP

=



# Climate Change Adaptation Infrastructure

1. Adaptation programmes (early warning systems, making infrastructure resilient, improving dryland agriculture, or managing water resources) **generate a triple dividend**: avoided losses due to climate change, economic benefits from the investment programmes and social and environmental benefits.
1. **Vulnerability indexes (VIs)** should be developed: geographical/regional vulnerability; sectoral/economic vulnerability; and social vulnerability.
1. **Just Transition (Mitigation & Adaptation) Fund**



# Technological Pathways

***National plans should cover the period to at least 2050 and should aim to equitably reach net zero emissions by 2050 and net negative emissions in the second half of the century.***

EC Annual Sustainable Growth Strategy 2021, 17 September 2020

Reforms and Investments to create European flagships:

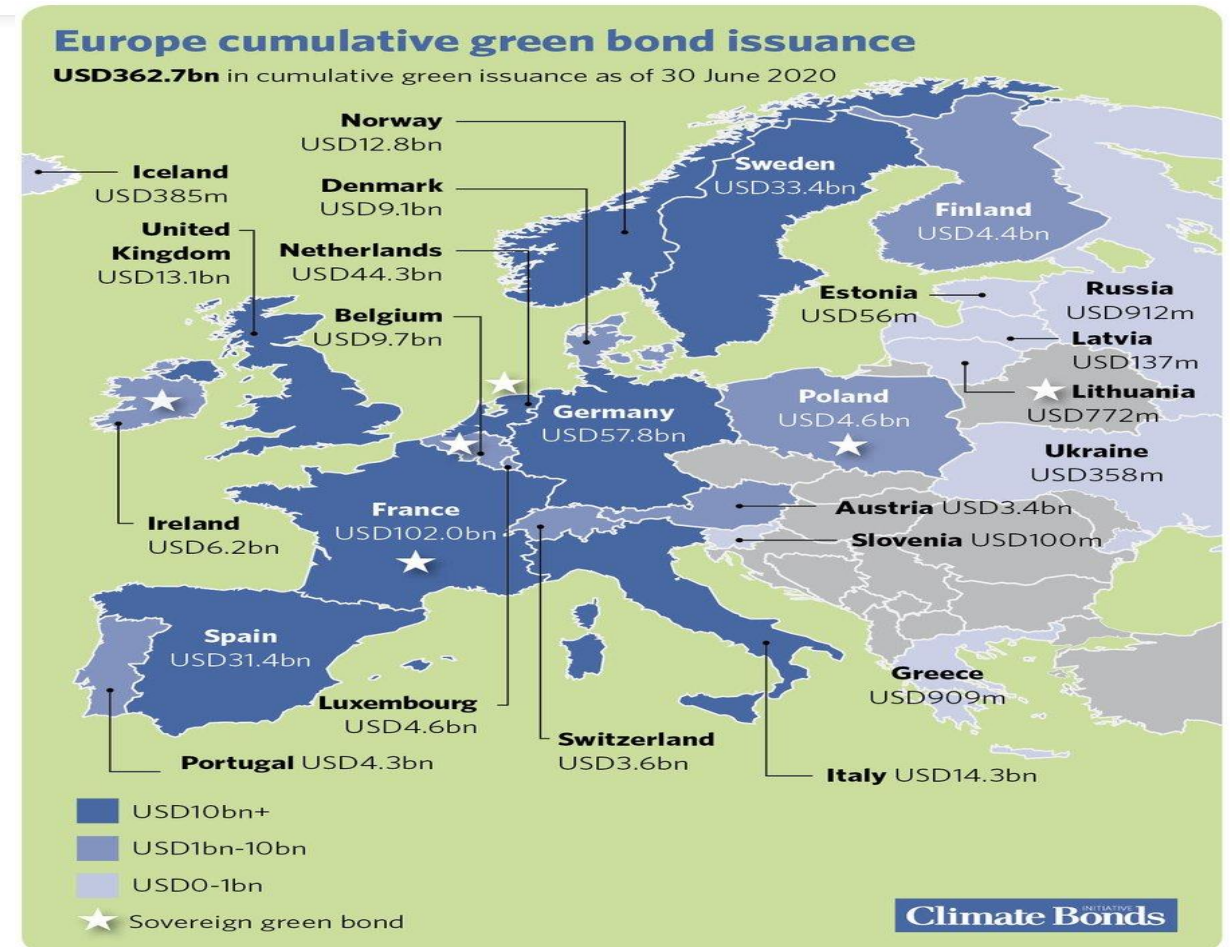
- **Power up:** lay the foundation for **hydrogen** lead markets in Europe and the related investments
- **Renovate:** improve the energy and resource efficiency of buildings
- **Recharge and Refuel:** promote future-proof clean technologies
- **Connect:** provide universal access to rapid broadband services
- **Modernize:** EU-ID and key digital public services
- **Scale up:** increase cloud capacities and develop powerful, cutting edge, and sustainable processors
- **Reskill and Upskill:** focus investments and reforms on digital skills and educational and vocational training for all ages

# Efficiency-Equity-Sustainable Finance



Measures to counterbalance the regressive effects of decarbonization policies:

- Lump-sum transfers
- Reduction in income tax/ VAT or electricity tax
- Targeted energy efficiency measures
- Job retraining programs
- Compensation funds for low-income groups





Center for Sustainable Development  
— EARTH INSTITUTE | COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

## TASK FORCE JOBS BASED GREEN RECOVERY

# THE LANCET

Lancet Commission on COVID 19 engages global leaders to promote best practices in the control of the pandemic, the social protection of basic needs and the recovery of the global economy.

*Lancet COVID-19 Commission Statement on the occasion of the 75th session of the UN General Assembly, The Lancet COVID-19 Commissioners, Task Force Chairs, and Commission Secretariat*

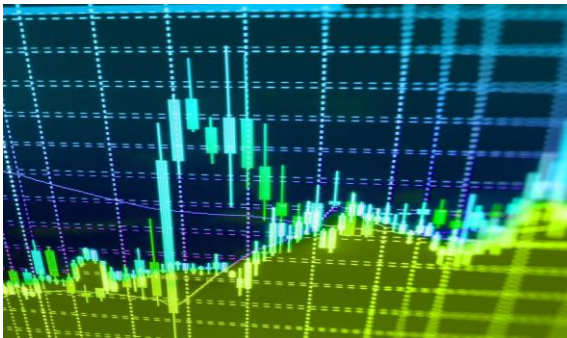
### Co-chairs:

- **Prof. Phoebe Koundouri**,  
President Elect of  
European Association of  
Environmental and  
Resource Economics
- **Dr. Ismail Serageldin**,  
Founding Director  
Bibliotheca Alexandria, ex  
Vice President World  
Bank
- **Dr. Min Zhu**, Deputy  
Managing Director IMF

# THE LANCET COVID-19 COMMISSION

## TASK FORCE JOBS BASED GREEN RECOVERY

Chair: Phoebe Koundouri



### ***Task Force: Job-Based Green Recovery***

*Economic recovery plans should support the transition **towards sustainable and inclusive societies** based on the **SDGs** and the **Paris Climate Agreement**.*

***Public investment** should be oriented towards sustainable industries and the digital economy and should **spur complementary private investments**.*

*A major goal of the recovery should be an **unprecedented commitment to reskilling and upskilling people**, including the skills to prepare workers for the digital economy.*

*The **EU Green Deal**, long-term budget (2021–27), and new recovery fund marks an exemplary framework for long-term recovery, including mid-century goals on climate safety, energy transition, and circular economy, with a comprehensive €1.8 trillion budget.*

*EGD can serve as an exemplar for other regions. In general, recoveries should be **smart** (based on digital technologies), **inclusive** (targeting lower-income households), and **sustainable** (featuring investments in clean energy and reduced pollution).*

# Top-Down Mobilization Green New Deals around the World

## Canada The Pact for a Green New Deal

Proposed on  
May 2019



## A GREEN NEW DEAL

A PROGRESSIVE VISION for ENVIRONMENTAL  
SUSTAINABILITY and ECONOMIC STABILITY

## USA Green New Deal

Proposed on  
March 2019

## South Korea Green New Deal

Agreed on 14  
July, 2020  
\$94.5 billion



## GREEN NEW DEAL



## Israel Green recovery plan

June 2020



## China Carbon neutral before 2060

Announced  
on 22  
September,  
2020

## **Cluster for Sustainability Transition**

**Transforming Research and Innovation into Climate Action**

**Director: Professor Phoebe Koundouri**



# OUR PROJECTS

UN SDSN GREECE  
 ReSEES, AUEB  
 EIT Climate-KIC HUB  
 Greece

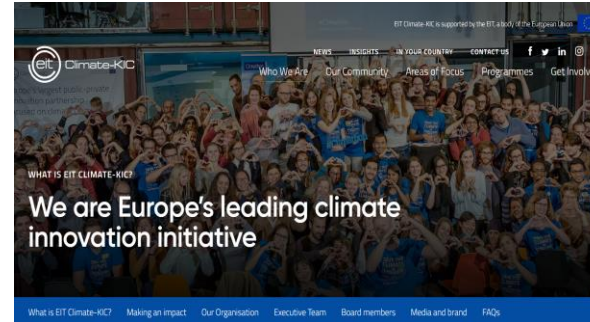
# Cluster for Sustainability Transition Research, Deep Demonstration & Education

## Research & Global Initiatives



Climate Change  
Committee

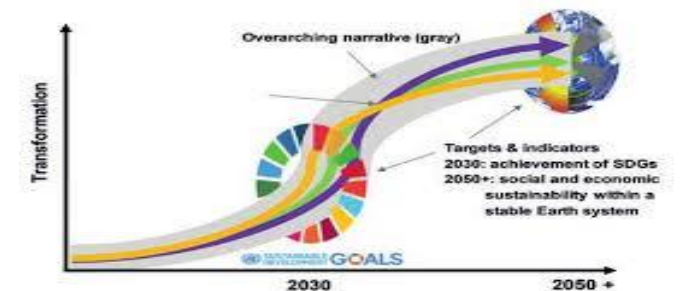
## Deep Demonstration & Innovation Acceleration



## Education & Training



ΚΕΝΤΡΟ ΕΠΙΜΟΡΦΩΣΗΣ ΚΑΙ ΔΙΑ ΒΙΟΥ ΜΑΘΗΣΗΣ





# Projects Circular Economy & Climate Change

## Circular Learning Hub

A learning hub for the engagement and ecosystem transition towards circular thinking

- an **awareness-intention-action** path of intervention
- fostering problem-owners in the ecosystem (firms, investors, citizens, policy makers, regulators, universities, associations, etc.) to a deeper understanding and involvement in the **circular thinking**.
- testing on a defined group of investors and entrepreneurs a **multi-sensor and multi-virtual experiment**

Countries: Italy, Greece, Bulgaria  
Implementation period: 2019-2020

Find more at: <https://www.athenarc.gr/el/circular-learning-hub-cl-hub-learning-hub-engagement-and-ecosystem-transition-towards-circular>



## 4-Seas Initiative

An initiative led by the regional networks SDSN Black Sea and SDSN Mediterranean and the national networks SDSN Greece, SDSN Italy, SDSN Spain, SDSN France, SDSN Turkey and SDSN Russia

## GLOBAL ROUNDTABLE FOR SUSTAINABLE SHIPPING AND PORTS

• Aims at bringing together **researchers and technology developers, shipbuilders, shipowners, ports, policy makers and politicians**, from across the globe, to work on technological and policy innovations, related to zero emissions shipping, to target net-zero emissions by 2050.

• Find more at: <http://www.unsdsn.gr/global-roundtable-for-sustainable-shipping-2>



## Transformation

Radical changes happening simultaneously, holistically and faster than we have ever experienced change before

# Blue Growth

Blue  
Europe

**COASTAL**  
Collaborative Land-Sea  
Integration Platform

Find  
[www](http://www)  
Impl  
2009  
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## COASTAL H2020 European Commission Project

a unique research and innovation project

a multi-actor collaboration between entrepreneurs, administrations, stakeholders and experts in coastal and rural natural and social sciences and sciences

aims to formulate and evaluate business solutions and policy recommendations to improve coastal-rural synergy to promote rural and coastal development while preserving the environment.

Find more at: <https://h2020-coastal.eu>  
Implementation period: 2018-2022  
Budget: € 5 million

# Projects Water-Food-Energy Nexus and Smart Agriculture

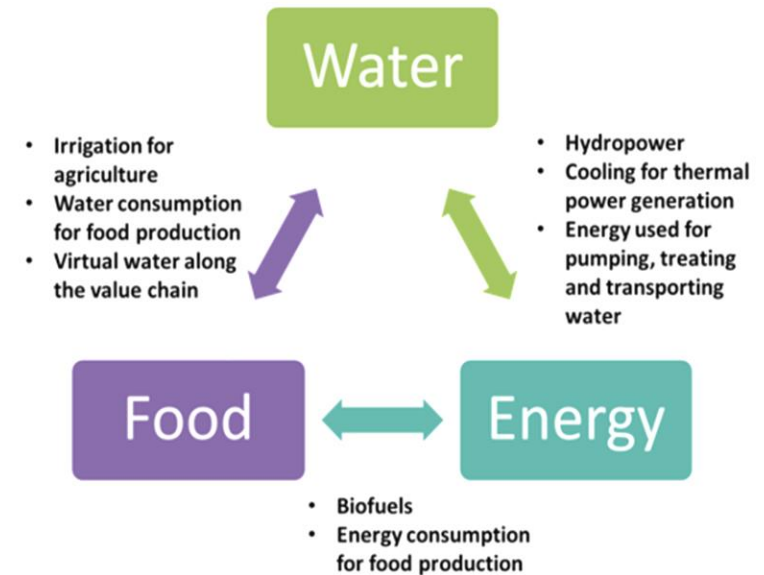


## AWESOME - mAnaging Water, Ecosystems and food across sectors and Scales in the sOuth MEDiterranean

- a decision-analytic platform based on a multi-level, integrated WEF model to better understand multi-sectoral WEF tradeoffs and to capitalize on potential synergies, also exploring the interdependencies and feedbacks across a hierarchy of spatial scales,
- from the macroeconomic development of the Mediterranean region and national scale, to regional planning at river basin scale, down to the single farm.

Implementation period: 2019-2023

Budget: €1,7 million



# Greek Start-ups

