

Short Curriculum Vitae



Ilias Boultzis is a secondary education economist with an active interest in research in economic theory. He has published in the *European Economic Review*, *Economics Letters*, and the *Journal of Economic Asymmetries*, and has participated in international conferences both in Greece and abroad. He completed his PhD at the Department of Economics of the Athens University of Economics and Business, and also holds postgraduate degrees in economics from the London School of Economics and Political Science (LSE) and in applied mathematics from the School of Applied Mathematical and Physical Sciences (SAMPS) of the National Technical University of Athens (NTUA). His main research interest lies in game theory and its applications to political economy models, with an emphasis on the analysis of corruption.

In the past, he has worked at the National Bank of Greece, focusing on corporate financing, and as a lecturer in the postgraduate program "Economics and Management for Engineers" at the Department of Financial and Management Engineering of the University of the Aegean.

During his studies, he received scholarships from the State Scholarships Foundation (IKY), the Achillopouleio Foundation, and the Bank of Cyprus.

Published Papers

"Preying on the young: Intergenerational conflict, rent seeking and growth." *European Economic Review* (2025): 104959. In print

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0014292125000091>

"Common agency with caring agents." *Economics Letters* 126 (2015): 71-74.

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S016517651400425X>

"Tax Regimes and Special Interest Politics." *The Journal of Economic Asymmetries* 4.2 (2007): 135-151.

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1703494915303467>

Other Papers

"Friends or Foes? A Political Economy Approach."

<https://www2.aueb.gr/conferences/Crete2024/papers/Boultzis.pdf>

"Truthful Equilibria in Generalized Common Agency Models."

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2007.15942>

"Can Informal Payments Increase Allocative Efficiency?."

<https://www2.aueb.gr/conferences/Crete2021/Papers/Boultzis.pdf>